Part A

1-straw; shavings; shredded paper; hemp

2. bucket; automatic drinking bowl

3. – T

6. - T

4. – T 5. – T 7. – F

8. – F

Part B

1-see MH 158

2-apple; carrot;

3. too fat or thin; breeding; their ability to utilize the nutrients; size; condition; temperament; type of work

4. a horse that 'eats up' and thrives

Part C

- 1 A) bars
 - B) sole
 - C) white line
 - D) wall
 - E) frog
- 2- long toe, hoof cracked and broken, clinches risen, shoe too far forward, shoe overgrown by foot, bent/missing nails, shoe loose or cast
- 3- see MH pages 226-227

Part D

- 1.-see USD pages 169-170
- 2.- to clean, make him look nice and feel comfortable; to check for injury or skin problems; to prevent sores from dirt under tack; to condition skin and make coat shine; to promote good circulation of blood
- 3.-when horse is warm after exercise

Part E

1- alert, contented, eyes clear, eyes bright, breathes normally, interested in what is going on, coat shiny, skin loose and supple, likes to eat, drinks normally, passes manure about 8 times a day, urine clear of light yellow

- 2- stops eating; sweat; looks at or nips belly; paws ground; stretches out as if to urinate; lie down and get up again; roll from side to side; sit on hind quarters like a dog;
- 3.-limp; favour one leg; stands on sound leg; hoof beats sound uneven; head nod:
- 4.-incised; laceration; abrasion; puncture wound; bruise

Part F

- 1.-d-ring; jointed loose-ring; eggbutt; mullen-mouth (straight bar);gag; Dr. Bristol; hanging cheek;
- 2.-dropped; flash; figure 8
- 3.-small sponges and clean rags; warm water; leather cleaner; leather conditioner; leather protector; saddle rack and tack cleaning hook
- 4.-numnah
- 5.-cruppers

Part G

- 1. a) snip
 - b) piebald
 - c) gelding
 - d) foal
 - e) stripe
- 2. withers, ground
- 3. do up the bar or chain
- 4. shipping; tail bandage or tail guard;