

D2 Spring Test 2011 Answer Key

Part A

Four Rules of Good Feeding

1. Feed little and often.
2. Feed plenty of roughage
3. Clean, fresh water available at all times.
4. Keep to the same feeding schedule.
5. Do not work hard immediately after feeding.
6. Feed something succulent every day.
7. Feed according to size, work, age, and temperament.
8. Make changes to feeds gradually.
9. Feed clean, good quality forage.

Succulent Feeds - 2

1. carrots
2. apples
3. grass

Methods of watering – 2

1. bucket Adv. You can tell how much your horse is drinking
 Disadv. More labour intensive
2. automatic waterer Adv. Less hard work
 Disadv. You can't tell how much your horse is drinking

Part B

Three reasons to groom.

1. maintain condition
2. promote health
3. improve appearance
4. prevent disease
5. ensure cleanliness

Two uses for the water brush.

1. lay the mane
2. scrub the feet

Cooling out – 3 things

1. walk the horse home for the last mile
2. dismount, run up stirrups, loosen girth, walk in hand
3. remove tack, lead in hand until dry
4. give short drinks of water while walking
5. if it is very warm, sponge the horse and continue walking

Grooming kit – 4

1. hoof pick, body brush, dandy brush, water brush, curry comb, cactus cloth, wisp, mane comp, stable rubber, hoof oil/brush

Part C

Tack cleaning kit -3

1. saddle soap, water, bucket, sponges, cloths, tooth brush, nail, saddle stand, bridle hook, etc.

One use or purpose

1. crupper – keeps the saddle from sliding forward

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2. buckle guard – to protect the flap from the buckles of the girth
3. keeper – to hold the straps in place
4. standing martingale – keep the horse from raising his head beyond the angle of control
5. flash noseband – to keep the horse from opening his mouth or crossing his jaw to avoid the bit

Name the two bits.

- a. Pelham
- b. Kimberwick

Part D

- | | | |
|----|---|---|
| 1. | Advantage
Pony gets lots of exercise.
likely to stock up.
Less likely to get respiratory diseases. | Disadvantage
Pony may be hard to catch when Less
you want him.
Pony may be dirty when you want to
ride. |
| 2. | So that you can open the door if the horse is laying against it or if too much straw is in the way. | |
| 3. | good land, good fences, shelter, good grass, clean, fresh water, no junk | |
| 4. | Too many to list – see MH 126-134 | |

Part E

1. clean cut, tear, bruise, puncture, gall
2. puncture
3. looking at his stomach, kicking at his stomach, restless, sweating
4. give vaccinations, regular worming, have teeth checked, feed good quality food, provide exercise, groom regularly.

Part F

1. frog, wall, white line, sole, bar, seat of corn, heel
2. shoe is cast, shoe is loose, shoe is worn, clenches have risen, foot has overgrown the shoe
3. There are 13 – please check MH p. 226-227

Part G

1. lower legs, mane, tail, tips of ears, muzzle
2. stand on level ground, have head even or slightly below the wither, measure from the withers to the ground, have the horse stand square
3. ermine, gelding, wall eye